STAFF JUDGE ADVOCATE Documents provided by the 4th Infantry Division SJA

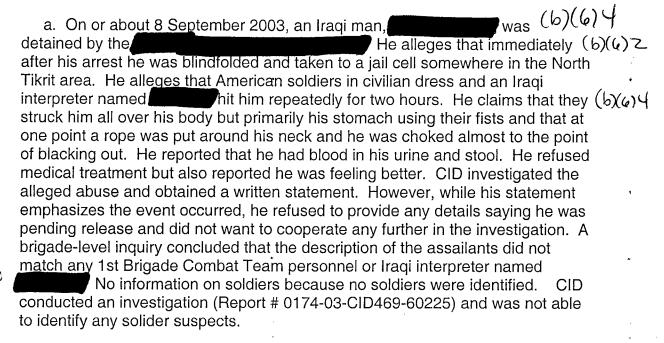
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CS3#21

MEMORANDUM FOR IG, 4th Infantry Division, Fort Hood Texas 76544

SUBJECT: Detainee Abuse by Taskforce Ironhorse Soldiers as Reported to CJTF-7

1. This report contains information on alleged detainee abuse by soldiers assigned to the Taskforce Ironhorse.



was performing guard (b)(4) て b. On 11 September 2003, SPC duty at the FOB Packhorse detention facility. A detainee, was standing (b)(6) Z was being held in an isolation cell in flexi cuffs. SPC in the hallway of the isolation cell when he saw the detainee move toward the wire. He was informed that detainees were not to go near the concertina wire. fired his weapon stating that he saw the detainee with his (b)(b) 2 hands near the wire. First aid was administered and he was taken to the aid station. He died of a gunshot wound to his abdomen. On 7 October, SPC was charged with one violation of Article 119, UCMJ, しんんしょ Manslaughter. He submitted a Chapter 10 request, which was granted on 12 November 2003. SPC had no specialized training in handling (b)(b)detainees. He was acting in a law enforcement capacity as a guard in the isolation cell.

c. On 13 July 2003, PFC and a small and PFC and through simple negligence, discharged a 9mm pistol in the B Co, 3-67 AR BN

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detainee holding facility. The round struck an Iraqi civilian detainee wounding him in the lower back. No UCMJ action was taken against the soldiers. 4ID is gathering additional information on the soldiers' background in the States.

- d. On 13 August 2003, a 56 year-old male detainee died in the 4th MP detention facility. The detainee was provided with food, water and medical treatment. The detainee was complaining of his stomach and nose hurting, and of the heat. The detainee died after receiving CPR, IV, defibrillation of 200-300-360 joules, epinephrine, lidocaine and repeat defibrillation of 360 joules. No autopsy was performed and no cause of death determined. No abuse by American forces.
- (6)(6)4 e. Two detainees, were apprehended on 22 November 2003. After apprehension, the detainees sustained trauma to the head. Not all injuries were a direct result of the sustained one of his injuries when he (b)(a)apprehension, i grabbed CPT weapon. His other injury happened when PFC kicked him in the back of the head while the unit was transporting him to (b)(4) 2 (b)(c)4 the detention facility. was injured when PFC (b)(e)2 struck him in the back of the head when the unit was transporting him to (b)(b) 2 the detention facility. One injury to hat could not be (ら)(ら)屮 accounted for was a cut on his lip. PFC and PFC P(b)(6)Z received field grade Article 15 punishment. (6)(6)
 - f. On 20 August 2003, approximately five soldiers accompanied LTC Commander TF 2/20, to the Gunner Holding Area to interrogate a detainee, During the interrogation, the soldiers hit the detainee when he was not forthcoming with information. Specifically, they admitted they punched him with a closed fist in the stomach and torso, and one soldier punched him on the side of the head. Each of the soldiers (SFC \ SSG SPC SPC and PFC received field grade Article 15 punishment. LTC was present during the interrogation when the soldiers were punching the detainee and threatened the detainee that he would kill him. When the interrogation did not reveal the information the group was seeking, LTC took the detainee outside to the nearest clearing barrel and after shooting a warning shot, placed his 9mm weapon near the detainee's head and fired off a round. LTQ relieved from command and later charged with three violations of Article 128, UCMJ and one violation of Article 134, UCMJ for communicating a threat. The charges were investigated at an Article 32(b) hearing. The Investigating Officer recommended Article 15 punishment. On 12 December 2003, LTC received a general officer Article 15. The incident was investigated by CID, Report # 0152-03-CID469-602125C1A/5C2/5T1.

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g. On or about 15 October 2003, three soldiers from A/3-29 guarding the Gunner Holding Area found a detainee trying to escape from his cell by

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squeezing between the bars. A fourth soldier reported to his chain of command that at least two of the three soldiers mistreated the detainee (SSG and SPC by throwing a water bottle at him, hitting near him with a hat rack in an effort to scare him, and hitting him once in the stomach. The third soldier, SPC , saw the incident, but did not report it. Some level of force was required to restrain the detainee from escaping, but the chain of command decided during a commander's inquiry that (6)(6) 2 the above acts exceeded the authorized level of force. SSG was given a field grade Art 15 for his active participation, SPC was given a field grade Art 15 for his active participation, and SPC was given summarized Art 15 for not reporting the actions that he witnessed. This unit is now back with their parent unit, 3 BCT/4ID, and the complete adjudicated file is with the A/3-29 commander.

h. On 24 September 2003, at FOB Ironhorse, SPC at trained interrogator with 104th Military Intelligence Battalion (MI BN), DISCOM, hit the bottom of a detainee's feet, back and buttocks with an MP baton. The detainee was not seriously injured, but did complain of discomfort to his back and buttocks for two days. SPC was also present during the incident and was the interpreter for the interrogation. The incident was investigated under the provisions of AR 15-6. SPC received field grade article 15 punishment, and SPC received a summarized article 15 for being present and failing to report it. Both soldiers were relieved of interrogation duties. 4ID is gathering additional information on the soldiers' background.

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j. On 7-8 February 2004, a 61 year-old detainee while in detention at the Detention Central Collection Facility FOB Ironhorse, Iraq. Preliminary investigation by CID disclosed that Mr. as as found about (b)(c) 40 0640 hours on 8 February 2004, unresponsive in his bed during the morning head count procedures. SSG for the 4th Military Police Company (b)(c) 1 found him in a state of rigor mortis and without vital signs. He was last seen alive about 2000 hours, the night before (7 February 2004). His remains were transported first to the Mortuary Affairs center at Camp Speicher and later on to

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the Mortuary Affairs section at BIAP. CID Report # – 0025-04-CID469-79635/5H9B. (?) (Criminal Investigation conducted by CID)

k. On 28 February 2004, members of the 1-27th Infantry Battalion conducted a cordon and search in Taal Al Jal, Iraq. At a TCP, set up during the search, a platoon was instructed to detain local nationals in their vicinity. SGT (NFI) a platoon member, attempted to detain an Iraqi in a nearby field. While attempted to place flexi-cuffs on the Iraqi, he began to resist. PFC SGT a member of the platoon, raised his weapon in the high cover position to protect the sergeant. SGT was able to complete the cuffing process and was moving the detainee away when PFC believed the Iragi was lunging at SGT responded to the perceived threat by firing one round from his weapon which struck the detainee in the head and killed him. PFC in his statement to CID, said that he believed that the Iraqi was still resisting being cuffed and that he fired his weapon intending to kill the Iraqi. PFC eceived ROE training, the extent of which is unknown. CID is still investigating. CID Report # 004-04-CID469-79638-5HIA. Note: Soldier is now assigned to Taskforce Danger and 1st ID.

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(6)(4)4 I. On 3 January 2004, at approximately 2245 hours, two male Iraqis, were stopped at an ICDC and checkpoint in the city of Samarra. They were warned that curfew was about to begin (2300 hours) but were released when they informed the ICDC detail that they were close to home and would make it in time. They drove off. A short distance from the ICDC checkpoint, members of 1st platoon, A company, 1/8th infantry regiment stopped the two Iraqis, requested identification and questioned them. One of the Iragis allegedly provided a false identification. They were and Mr. were then taken into $(b\chi a) \psi$ released but then stopped again. Mr. custody, their hands were zip tied behind their back and they were placed in a Bradley fighting vehicle. The Bradley was driven to a nearby bridge over the Tigris River. Members of the platoon, SGT SPC , were then instructed by the platoon leader, 1LT and SPC to push the detainees into and the platoon sergeant, SFC the river. SPC refused to take part in it and instead stood guard. SGT ordered the zip ties removed and he and SPC pushed Mr.nto the river. They then returned to their vehicle and continued their patrolling duties. Mr. allegedly could not swim and subsequently drowned. Mr. made it safely to the riverbank, climbed out and reported the incident to the ICDC soldiers who had stopped him earlier. When the family of the drowning victim reported the incident to American authorities members of the platoon denied they had pushed Mr. and Mr. into the river. They were instructed by their chain of command to deny the incident and to not cooperate with CID investigators. The chain of command implicated in the obstruction of justice charge are the battalion commander, LTC and the , the battalion executive officer, MAJ

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2. POC this report is MAJ

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LTC, JA Staff Judge Advocate